## IN THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A process for examining of membrane enclosed biocompartments (1), wherein the biocompartments (1) are made ready arranged in a micro-flow chamber (2) which includes an operational electrode (19) for placing the biocompartments (1) in proximity thereto and a reference electrode (20) separated from the operational electrode (19); which the micro-flow chamber (2) is subject to through-flow of a culture medium containing an agent which can affect the biocompartments (1), the medium being in contact with the biocompartments (1) whereby a concentration of a substance is released by and/or consumed by metabolic action into and/or from a portion of a culture medium contained in an activity area of the biocompartment (1), and wherein the pH value of that portion of the culture medium which is found within the micro-flow chamber (2) is measured to determine a metabolic activity of the biocompartment, the process comprising:

a) -indirectly measuring a concentration of a substance in a portion of a culture medium, the substance being released by and/or consumed by metabolic action into and/or from a portion of a culture medium contained in an activity area of the biocompartment (1), while between an operating electrode (19) placed in the activity area and a reference electrode (20) separated from said operating electrode (19), an electrical potential applying a voltage is applied to the culture medium (1)

so that hydroxyl ions or hydrogen ions are formed from the substance in the culture

medium;

b) at a measuring location in the portion of the culture medium, prior to or

during the application of the said electrical potential voltage, measuring at least a

first measured measurement value (pH-1, pH-3 or pH+1, [[pH-3]] pH+3) for a pH value

of the culture medium;

c) subsequently switching off or changing the electrical potential voltage so

that the formation of hydroxyl and hydrogen ions from the substance is stopped[[.]];

d) shortly before or after measurement of the first measurement value[[s]],

(pH-1, pH-3 or pH+1, pH+3), upon switching off or changing the voltage electrical

potential, or in the case of existing potential, or by a potential under which such

that the formation of hydroxyl and hydrogen ions from the said substance is

repressed, taking at least one second measurement value[[,]] namely (pH-2, pH-4 or

 $pH_{+2}$ ,  $pH_{+4}$ ) for the pH value of the culture medium;

e) calculating a difference from between the first measurement value (pH<sub>-1</sub>,

 $pH_{-3}$  or  $pH_{+1}$ ,  $pH_{+3}$ ) and from the second measurement value[[s]] ( $pH_{-2}$ ,  $pH_{-4}$  or  $pH_{+2}$ ,

 $pH_{+4}$ ), to produce a measurement value difference ( $\Delta pH_{-21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{-43}$  or  $\Delta pH_{+21}$ ,

 $\Delta pH_{+43}$ );

f) repeating the steps a) to e) at least once;

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g) calculating a from the difference between at least two of the these

measured measurement value differences[[,]] ( $\Delta pH_{-21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{-43}$  or  $\Delta pH_{+21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{+43}$ ) to

determine determining a concentration change of the substance in the culture

medium[[,]]; and from the calculating a difference between at least two of the first

measured measurement pH values (pH-1, pH-3 or pH+1, pH+3) and/or calculating a

difference between at least two of the second measured measurement pH values

(pH<sub>-2</sub>, pH<sub>-4</sub> or pH<sub>+2</sub>, pH<sub>+4</sub>) to determine determining the an acidification or the

alkalinization of the culture medium; and

h) from the so-acquired measurement values for the concentration change

and the acidification or the alkalinization, determining the metabolic activity of the

biocompartments (1).

2. (original) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the sequence

comprised of the steps a) to g) is run through at least twice, and that in accordance

with this repetition, the electrical polarity applied between the operational electrode

(19) and the reference electrode (20) is selected on a changeable basis.

3. (currently amended) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein a time

for the measurement of the pH measured measurement values (pH<sub>-1</sub>, pH<sub>-2</sub>, pH<sub>-3</sub>,

pH<sub>-4</sub>, or pH<sub>+1</sub>, pH<sub>+2</sub> pH<sub>+3</sub>, pH<sub>+4</sub>) is adjusted to coincide with a time at which the

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electrical potential voltage is changed or switched off, and the hydrogen ion and

hydroxy ion concentrations in the culture medium are generally in balance.

4. (currently amended) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein a time

interval between the respective times of the application, the switching off or change

in the electrical potential voltage, and the a subsequent time in which a pH the

measurement value (pH-1, pH-2, pH-3, pH-4, or pH+1, pH+2 pH+3, pH+4) is measured,

are approximately the same at all pH measurement values (pH-1, pH-2, pH-3, pH-4,

or  $pH_{+1}$ ,  $pH_{+2}$   $pH_{+3}$ ,  $pH_{+4}$ ).

5. (currently amended) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the

electrical potential voltage is switched off, or, in accordance with Step c, is changed,

before an equilibrium state of the hydrogen and hydroxyl ion concentrations has

established itself in the culture medium.

6. (original) A process in accordance with Claim 1, further comprising

measuring the flowing electric electrode current between the operational electrode

(19) and the reference electrode (20).

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7. (original) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the

biocompartments (1) are installed in such a manner on the operational electrode

(19), that, area-wise, they partially cover the electrode (19) and that from the

applied voltage between the operational electrode (19) and the reference electrode

(20) on the electrode current, the morphology of the biocompartments (1) can be

determined.

8. (currently amended) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein the

through-flow of the culture medium is halted or at least reduced during and

between the times of acquiring of the first and last pH measurement values of the a

measured pH value series for a determination of a concentration change of the

substance in the culture medium and the acidification or the alkalinization thereof.

9. (currently amended) A process in accordance with Claim 1, wherein

between the determination of the first and last pH measurement values of the a pH

value series of measurements, the buffer capacity of the culture medium is held

constant.

10. (new) A process for examining membrane enclosed biocompartments (1),

wherein the biocompartments (1) are arranged in a chamber which includes an

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operational electrode (19) for placing the biocompartments (1) in proximity thereto and a reference electrode (20) separated from the operational electrode (19); the chamber is subject to through-flow of a culture medium containing an agent which can affect the biocompartments (1), the medium being in contact with the biocompartments (1) whereby a concentration of a substance is released by and/or consumed by metabolic action into and/or from a portion of a culture medium contained in an activity area of the biocompartment (1), and wherein the pH value of that portion of the culture medium which is found within the chamber (2) is measured to determine a metabolic activity of the biocompartment, the process comprising:

- a) applying a voltage to the culture medium (1) so that hydroxyl ions or hydrogen ions are formed from the substance in the culture medium;
- b) at a measuring location in the portion of the culture medium, during the application of the voltage, measuring at least a first measurement value (pH<sub>-1</sub>, pH<sub>-3</sub> or pH<sub>+1</sub>, pH<sub>+3</sub>) for a pH value of the culture medium;
- c) subsequently switching off or changing the voltage so that the formation of hydroxyl and hydrogen ions from the substance is stopped;
- d) before or after measurement of the first measurement value (pH $_{-1}$ , pH $_{-3}$  or pH $_{+1}$ , pH $_{+3}$ ), upon switching off or changing the voltage such that the formation of hydroxyl and hydrogen ions from the substance is repressed, taking at least one

second measurement value (pH $_{-2}$ , pH $_{-4}$  or pH $_{+2}$ , pH $_{+4}$ ) for the pH value of the culture

medium;

e) calculating a difference between the first measurement value (pH-1, pH-3 or

 $pH_{+1}$ ,  $pH_{+3}$ ) and the second measurement value ( $pH_{-2}$ ,  $pH_{-4}$  or  $pH_{+2}$ ,  $pH_{+4}$ ), to

produce a measurement value difference ( $\Delta pH_{-21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{-43}$  or  $\Delta pH_{+21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{+43}$ );

f) repeating the steps a) to e) at least once;

g) calculating a difference between at least two of the measurement value

differences ( $\Delta pH_{-21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{-43}$  or  $\Delta pH_{+21}$ ,  $\Delta pH_{+43}$ ) to determine a concentration change

of the substance in the culture medium; and calculating a difference between at

least two of the first measurement values (pH-1, pH-3 or pH+1, pH+3) and/or

calculating a difference between at least two of the second measurement values (pH-

2, pH-4 or pH+2, pH+4) to determine an acidification or alkalinization of the culture

medium; and

h) from the measurement values for the concentration change and the

acidification or the alkalinization, determining the metabolic activity of the

biocompartments (1).

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